## THE COMPANIES ACT, 2013

## COMPANY LIMITED BY SHARES (Incorporated under the Companies Act, 1956)

## ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION OF PRAJ INDUSTRIES LIMITED

The following regulations comprised in these Articles of Association were adopted pursuant to members' resolution passed at the annual general meeting of the Company held on  $26^{\rm th}$  July 2023 in substitution for, and to the entire exclusion of, the earlier regulations comprised in the extant Articles of Association of the Company.

	TABLE 'F' EXCLUDED			
1.	(1) The regulations contained in the Table marked 'F' into Schedule I to the Companies Act, 2013 shall not apply the Company, except in so far as the same are repeated, contained or expressly made applicable in these Articles or by the said Act.	Table 'F' not to apply		
	(2) The regulations for the management of the Company and for the observance by the members thereto and their representatives, shall, subject to any exercise of the statutory powers, these Articles of the Company with reference to the deletion or alteration of or addition to its regulations by resolution as prescribed or permitted by the Companies Act, 2013, be such as are contained in these Articles.a	Company to be governed by these Articles		
	Interpretation			
2.	(1) In these Articles —  (a) "Act" means the Companies Act, 2013 or any statutory modification or re-enactment thereof for the time being in force and the term shall be deemed to refer to the applicable section thereof which is relatable to the relevant Article in which the said term appears in these Articles and any previous company law, so far as may be applicable.	"Act"		

	(b) "Articles" means these articles association of the Company or as altered from time to time.	of "Articles" ed
	(c) "Board of Directors" or "Board" means the collective body of the directors of the Company	
	(d) "Company" means Praj Industries Limited.	"Company"
	(e) LODR shall means the Securities and Exchan Board of India (Listing Obligations ar Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 any statutory modification or re-enactme thereof for the time being in force and the ter shall be deemed to refer to the applicable regulation thereof which is relatable to the relevant Article in which the said term appears these Articles	nd or nt m ile ne
	(f) "Rules" means the applicable rules for the timbeing in force as prescribed under releva sections of the Act.	
	(g) "seal" means the common seal of the Companif any.	y, "Seal"
	(2) Words importing the singular number shall include to plural number and words importing the masculing gender shall, where the context admits, include the feminine and neuter gender.	ne "Gender"
	(3) Unless the context otherwise requires, words expressions contained in these Articles shall bear t same meaning as the in the Act or the Rules, as t case may be.	he Articles to bear the
	Share capital and variation of right	s
3.	Subject to the provisions of the Act and these Article the shares in the capital of the Company shall be und the control of the Board who may issue, allot otherwise dispose of the same or any of them to su persons, in such proportion and on such terms a conditions and either at a premium or at par and such time as they may from time to time think fit.	ler of Board or ch nd
4.	Subject to the provisions of the Act and these Article the Board may issue and allot shares in the capital the Company on payment or part payment for a property or assets of any kind whatsoever sold transferred, goods or machinery supplied or for service rendered to the Company in the conduct of its busine and any shares which may be so allotted may be issue as fully paid-up or partly paid-up otherwise than cash, and if so issued, shall be deemed to be fully pay up or partly paid-up shares, as the case may be.	of shares otherwise than for cash or less ed for

5.	The Company may issue the following kinds of shares in accordance with these Articles, the Act, the Rules, and other applicable laws:	Kinds of Share Capital
	(a) Equity share capital:	
	(i) with voting rights; and / or	
	(ii) with differential rights as to dividend, voting or	
	otherwise in accordance with the Rules; and	
	(b) Preference share capital	
6.	Every person whose name is entered as a member in the register of members shall be entitled to receive within two months after allotment or within one month from the date of receipt by the Company of the application for the registration of transfer or transmission or within such other period as the conditions of issue shall provide -	Issue of Certificate
	(a) one certificate for all his shares without payment of any charges; or	
	(b) several certificates, each for one or more of his	
	shares, upon payment of such charges as may be fixed by the Board for each certificate after the first.	
	(2) Every certificate shall be under the seal and shall	Certificate to bear
	specify the shares to which it relates and the amount paid-up thereon.	seal
	(3) In respect of any share or shares held jointly by several persons, the Company shall not be bound to issue more than one certificate, and delivery of a certificate for a share to one of several joint holders shall be sufficient delivery to all such holders	One certificate for shares held jointly
7.	A person subscribing to shares offered by the Company shall hold the shares in a dematerialised form with a depository and the Company shall intimate such depository the details of allotment of the share to enable the depository to enter in its records the name of such person as the beneficial owner of that share.	A person subscribing to shares shall hold shares with depository
8.	The Company shall not issue any share certificate as the	No Share Certificate
	shares are to be held only in a dematerialised form with a	to be issued.
	depository. However, the company may issue share certificate to meet any technicality for transmission of shares or for any other limited purpose as permitted under law relating to securities.	
9.	If any security or debenture certificate be worn out,	Issue of new
	defaced, mutilated or torn or if there be no further space on the back for endorsement of transfer, then upon production and surrender thereof to the Company, a new certificate may be issued in lieu thereof, and if any certificate is lost or destroyed then upon proof thereof to the satisfaction of the Company and on execution of such	debenture certificate in place of one defaced lost or destroyed
	indemnity as the Board deems adequate, a new certificate in lieu thereof shall be given. Every certificate under this	
	Article shall be issued on payment of fees for each	
10.	certificate as may be fixed by the Board.  (1) The Company may exercise the powers of paying	Power to pay
10.	commissions conferred by the Act, to any person the in subscription to its securities, provided that the rate	commission in

	per connection with cent or the amount of the commission paid or agreed to be paid shall be disclosed in the manner required by the Act and the Rules.	connection with securities issued
	(2) The rate or amount of the commission shall not exceed the rate or amount prescribed in the Rules.	Rate of commission in accordance with Rules
	(3) The commission may be satisfied by the payment of cash or the allotment of fully or partly paid shares or partly in the one way and partly in the other.	Mode of payment of commission
11.	(1) If at any time the share capital is divided into different classes of shares, the rights attached to any class (unless otherwise provided by the terms of issue of the shares of that class) may, subject to the provisions of the Act, and whether or not the Company is being wound up, be varied with the consent in writing, of such number of the holders of the issued shares of that class, or with the sanction	Variation of members' rights
	of a resolution passed at a separate meeting of the holders of the shares of that class, as prescribed by the Act.	
	(2) To every such separate meeting, the provisions of these Articles relating general meetings to apply shall <i>mutatis mutandis</i> .	Provisions as to general meetings to apply <i>mutatis</i> mutandis to each meting
12.	The rights conferred upon the holders of the shares of any class issued with preferred or other rights shall not, unless otherwise expressly provided by the terms of issue of the shares of that class, be deemed to be varied by the creation or issue of further shares ranking <i>pari passu</i> therewith.	Issue of further shares not to affect rights of existing members
13.	Subject to the provisions of the Act, the Board shall have the power to issue or re-issue preference shares of one or more classes which are liable to be redeemed, or converted to equity shares, on such terms and conditions and in such manner as determined by the Board in accordance with the Act.	Power to issue redeemable preference shares
14.	(1) The Board or the Company, as the case may be, may, in accordance with the Act and the Rules, issue further shares to -	Further issue of share capital
	<ul><li>(a) persons who, at the date of offer, are holders of equity shares of the Company; such offer shall be deemed to include a right exercisable by the person concerned to renounce the shares offered to him or any of them in favour of any other person; or</li><li>(b) employees under any scheme of employees' stock</li></ul>	
	option; or	

	(c) any persons, whether or not those persons include the persons referred to in clause (a) or clause (b) above.	
	(2) A further issue of shares may be made in any manner whatsoever as the Board may determine including by way of preferential offer or private placement, subject to and in accordance with the Act and the Rules.	Mode of further issue of shares
	Lien	l
15.	(1) The Company shall have a first and paramount lien -	Company's lien on shares
	(a) on every share (not being a fully paid share), for all monies (whether presently payable or not) called, or payable at a fixed time, in respect of that share; and	
	(b) on all shares (not being fully paid shares) standing registered in the name of a member, for all monies presently payable by him or his estate to the Company.	
	Provided that the Board may at any time declare any share to be wholly or in part exempt from the provisions of this clause	
	(2) The Company's lien, if any, on a share shall extend to all dividends or interest, as the case may be, payable and bonuses declared from time to time in respect of such shares for any money owing to the Company.	Lien to extend to dividends, etc.
	(3) Unless otherwise agreed by the Board, the registration of a transfer of shares shall operate as a waiver of the Company's lien.	Waiver of lien in case of registration
16.	The Company may sell, in such manner as the Board thinks fit, any shares on which the Company has a lien:	As to enforcing lien by sale
	Provided that no sale shall be made—	
	(a) unless a sum in respect of which the lien exists is presently payable; or	
	(b) until the expiration of fourteen days after a notice in writing stating and demanding payment of such part of the amount in respect of which the lien exists as is presently payable, has been given to the registered holder for the time being of the share or to the person entitled thereto by reason of his death or insolvency or otherwise	
17.	(1) To give effect to any such sale, the Board may authorise some person to transfer the shares sold to the purchaser thereof.	Validity of sale
	(2) The purchaser shall be registered as the holder of the shares comprised in any such transfer.	Purchaser to be registered holder
	(3) The receipt of the Company for the consideration (if any) given for the share on the sale thereof shall (subject, if necessary, to execution of an instrument of transfer or a transfer by relevant system, as the case may be) constitute a good title to the share and the	Validity of Company's receipt

purchaser shall be registered as share.	the holder of the
(4) The purchaser shall not be bour application of the purchase money, to the shares be affected by ar invalidity in the proceedings with re-	nor shall his title affected affected ference to the sale
18. (1) The proceeds of the sale shall be Company and applied in payment of amount in respect of which the presently payable.	of such part of the lien exists as is
(2) The residue, if any, shall, subject to a not Payment of presently payable as shares before the sale, be residual person entitled to the shares at the	s existed upon the money paid to the date of the sale.
19. In exercising its lien, the Company shall the registered holder of any share as thereof and accordingly shall not (exce court of competent jurisdiction or unle statute) be bound to recognise any equit to, or interest in, such share on the person, whether a creditor of the reotherwise. The Company's lien notwithstanding that it has received relaim.	to affect Company's lien ss required by any table or other claim part of any other gistered holder or shall prevail
20. The provisions of these Articles relamutatis mutandis apply to any other sidebentures of the Company	
Calls or	shares
21. (1) The Board may, from time to time the members in respect of any their shares (whether on account value of the shares or by way of by the conditions of allotmes payable at fixed times.  (2) Each member shall, subject to	monies unpaid on ant of the nominal premium) and not ent thereof made  Notice of call
fourteen days' notice specifying and place of payment, pay to the time or times and place so specalled on his shares.	e Company, at the cified, the amount
(3) The Board may, from time to time extend the time fixed for the pay respect of one or more members deem appropriate in any circum	ment of any call in a sas the Board may stances.
(4) A call may be revoked or discretion of the Board	postponed at the Revocation or postponement of Call
22. A call shall be deemed to have been made the resolution of the Board authorising	

	and may be required to be paid by instalments.	resolution
23.	The joint holders of a share shall be jointly and severally liable to pay all calls in respect thereof.	Liability of joint holders of shares
24.	(1) If a sum called in respect of a share is not paid before or on the day appointed for payment thereof (the "due date"), the person from whom the sum is due shall pay interest thereon from the due date to the time of actual payment at such rate as may be fixed by the Board.	When interest on call or instalment payable
	(2) The Board shall be at liberty to waive payment of any such interest wholly or in part.	Board may waive interest
25.	(1) Any sum which by the terms of issue of a share becomes payable on allotment or at any fixed date, whether on account of the nominal value of the share or by way of premium, shall, for the purposes of these Articles, be deemed to be a call duly made and payable on the date on which by the terms of issue such sum becomes payable.	Sums deemed to be calls
	(2) In case of non-payment of such sum, all the relevant provisions of these Articles as to payment of interest and expenses, forfeiture or otherwise shall apply as if such sum had become payable by virtue of a call duly made and notified.	Effect of nonpayment of sums
26.	The Board -  (a) may, if it thinks fit, receive from any member willing to advance the same, all or any part of the monies uncalled and unpaid upon any shares held by him; and	Payment in anticipation of calls may carry interest
	(b) upon all or any of the monies so advanced, may (until the same would, but for such advance, become presently payable) pay interest at such rate as may be fixed by the Board. Nothing contained in this clause shall confer on the member (a) any right to participate in profits or dividends or (b) any voting rights in respect of the moneys so paid by him until the same would, but for such payment, become presently payable by him.	
27.	If by the conditions of allotment of any shares, the whole or part of the amount of issue price thereof shall be payable by instalments, then every such instalment shall, when due, be paid to the Company by the person who, for the time being and from time to time, is or shall be the registered holder of the share or the legal representative of a deceased registered holder	Instalments on shares to be duly paid
28.	All calls shall be made on a uniform basis on all shares falling under the same class.  Explanation: Shares of the same nominal value on which different amounts have been paid-up shall not be deemed to fall under the same class.	Calls on shares of same class to be on uniform basis

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29.	Neither a judgment nor a decree in favour of the Company for calls or other moneys due in respect of any shares nor any part payment or satisfaction thereof nor the receipt by the Company of a portion of any money which shall from time to time be due from any member in respect of any shares either by way of principal or interest nor any indulgence granted by the Company in respect of payment of any such money shall preclude the forfeiture of such shares as herein provided.	Partial payment not to preclude forfeiture
30.	The provisions of these Articles relating to calls shall mutatis mutandis apply to any other securities including debentures of the Company	Provisions as to calls to apply mutatis mutandis to debentures, etc.
	Transfer of shares	
31.	(1) The instrument of transfer of any share in the Company shall be duly executed by or on behalf of both the transferor and transferee	Transfer to be executed by transferor and transferer
	(2) The transferor shall be deemed to remain a holder of the share until the name of the transferee is entered in the register of members in respect thereof.	
32.	The Board may, subject to the right of appeal conferred by the Act decline to register:  (a) the transfer of a share, not being a fully paid share, to a person of whom they do not approve; or  (b) any transfer of shares on which the Company has a lien.	Board may refuse register transfer
33.	In case of securities held in physical form, the Board may decline to recognise any instrument of transfer unless –  (a) the instrument of transfer is duly executed and is in the form as prescribed in the Rules made under the Act;  (b) the instrument of transfer is accompanied by the certificate of the securities to which it relates, and such other evidence as the Board may reasonably require to show the right of the transferor to make the transfer; and  (c) the instrument of transfer is in respect of only one class of shares.	Board may decline to recognise any instrument of transfer
34.	On giving of previous notice of at least seven days or such lesser period in accordance with the Act and Rules made thereunder, the registration of transfer of securities may be suspended at such times and for such periods as the Board may from time to time determine:  Provided that such registration shall not suspended for more than thirty days at any one time or for more than forty-five days in the aggregate in any year.	Transfer of securities when suspended
	Transmission of shares	•
35.	(1) On the death of a member, the survivor or survivors where the member was a joint holder, and his nominee	Title to shares on death of a member

	or nominees or legal representatives where he was a sole	
	holder, shall be the only persons recognised by the	
	Company as having any title to his interest in the	
	shares.	
	(2) Nothing in clause (1) shall release the estate of a	Estate of deceased
	deceased joint holder from any liability in respect of any	member liable
	share which had been jointly held by him with other	
	persons	
36.	(1) Any person becoming entitled to a share in	Transmission Clause
	consequence of the death or insolvency of a member	
	may, upon such evidence being produced as may from	
	time to time properly be required by the Board and	
	subject as hereinafter provided, elect, either -	
	(a) to be registered himself as holder of the share; or	
	(b) to make such transfer of the share as the deceased	
	or insolvent member could have made.	
		Doord's windst
	(2) The Board shall, in either case, have the same right to	Board's right unaffected
	decline or suspend registration as it would have had, if	unanected
	the deceased or insolvent member had transferred the	
	share before his death or insolvency.	
	(3) The Company shall be fully indemnified by such person	Indemnity to the
	from all liability, if any, by actions taken by the Board	Company
	to give effect to such registration or transfer.	
37.	(1) If the person so becoming entitled shall elect to be	Right to election of
	registered as holder of the share himself, he shall deliver	holder of share
	or send to the Company a notice in writing signed by	
	him stating that he so elects.	
	(2) If the person aforesaid shall elect to transfer the share,	Manner of testifying
	he shall testify his election by executing a transfer of the	election
	share	
	(3) All the limitations, restrictions and provisions of these	Limitations applicable
	regulations relating to the right to transfer and the	to notice
	registration of transfers of shares shall be applicable to	
	any such notice or transfer as aforesaid as if the death	
	or insolvency of the member had not occurred and the	
	notice or transfer were a transfer signed by that member	
38.	A person becoming entitled to a share by reason of the	Claimant to be entitled
]	death or insolvency of the holder shall be entitled to the	to same advantage
	same dividends and other advantages to which he would	is same aurantage
	be entitled if he were the registered holder of the share,	
	except that he shall not, before being registered as a	
	member in respect of the share, be entitled in respect of it	
	to exercise any right conferred by membership in relation	
	to meetings of the Company:	
	Provided that the Board may, at any time, give notice	
	requiring any such person to elect either to be registered	
	himself or to transfer the share, and if the notice is not	
	complied with within ninety days, the Board may thereafter	
	withhold payment of all dividends, bonuses or other monies	
	payable in respect of the share, until the requirements of	
	the notice have been complied with.	
	and model mave been complied with.	

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39.	The provisions of these Articles relating to transmission by operation of law shall mutatis mutandis apply to any other securities including debentures of the Company.	Provisions as to transmission to apply mutatis mutandis to debentures, etc.			
	Forfeiture of shares				
40.	(a) If a member fails to pay any call, or instalment of a call or any money due in respect of any share, on the day appointed for payment thereof, the Board may, at any time thereafter during such time as any part of the call or instalment remains unpaid or a judgement or decree in respect thereof remains unsatisfied in whole or in part, serve a notice on him requiring payment of so much of the call or instalment or other money as is unpaid, together with any interest which may have accrued and all expenses that may have been incurred by the Company by reason of non-payment.	If call or instalment not paid notice must be given			
41.	The notice aforesaid shall:  (b) name a further day (not being earlier than the expiry of fourteen days from the date of service of the notice) on or before which the payment required by the notice is to be made; and  (c) state that, in the event of non-payment on or before the day so named, the shares in respect of which the call was made shall be liable to be forfeited.	Form of notice			
42.	If the requirements of any such notice as aforesaid are not of complied with, any share in respect of which the notice has been given may, at any time thereafter, before the payment required by the notice has been made, be forfeited by a resolution of the Board to that effect.	In default payment of shares to be forfeited			
43.	Neither the receipt by the Company for a portion of any money which may from time to time be due from any of member in respect of his shares, nor any indulgence that to may be granted by the Company in respect of payment of any such money, shall preclude the Company from thereafter proceeding to enforce a forfeiture in respect of such shares as herein provided. Such forfeiture shall include all dividends declared or any other moneys payable in respect of the forfeited shares and not actually paid before the forfeiture.	Receipt of part amount or grant indulgence not affect forfeiture			
44.	When any share shall have been so forfeited, notice of the forfeiture shall be given to the defaulting member and an of entry of the forfeiture with the date thereof, shall forthwith be made in the register of members but no forfeiture shall be invalidated by any omission or neglect or any failure to give such notice or make such entry as aforesaid.	Entry of forfeiture in register members			
45.	The forfeiture of a share shall involve extinction at the time of forfeiture, of all interest in and all claims and demands	Effect of forfeiture			

	against the Company, in respect of the share and all other	
	rights incidental to the share.	
46.	(1) A forfeited share shall be deemed to be the property of the Company and may be sold or re-allotted or otherwise, disposed of either to the person who was before such forfeiture the holder thereof or entitled thereto or to any other person on such terms and in such manner as the Board thinks fit.	Forfeited shares may be sold etc.
	(2) At any time before a sale, re-allotment or disposal as aforesaid, the Board may cancel the forfeiture on such terms as it thinks fit.	Cancellation of forfeiture
47.	(1) A person whose shares have been forfeited shall cease to be a member in respect of the forfeited shares, but shall, notwithstanding the forfeiture, remain liable to pay, and shall pay, to the Company all monies which, at the date of forfeiture, were presently payable by him to the Company in respect of the shares.	Members still liable to pay money owing at the time of forfeiture
	(2) All such monies payable shall be paid together with interest thereon at such rate as the Board may determine, from the time of forfeiture until payment or realisation. The Board may, if it thinks fit, but without being under any obligation to do so, enforce the payment of the whole or any portion of the monies due, without any allowance for the value of the shares at the time of forfeiture or waive payment in whole or in part.	Member still liable to pay money owing at time of forfeiture and interest
	(3) The liability of such person shall cease if and when the Company shall have received payment in full of all such monies in respect of the shares.	Cesser of liability
48.	(1) A duly verified declaration in writing that the declarant is a director, the manager or the secretary of the Company, and that a share in the Company has been duly forfeited on a date stated in the declaration, shall be conclusive evidence of the facts therein stated as against all persons claiming to be entitled to the share;	Certificate of forfeiture
	(2) The Company may receive the consideration, if any, given for the share on any sale, re-allotment or disposal thereof and may execute a transfer of the share in favour of the person to whom the share is sold or disposed of;	Title of purchaser and transferee of forfeited shares
	(3) The transferee shall thereupon be registered as the holder of the share; and	Transferee to be registered as holder
	(4) The transferee shall not be bound to see to the application of the purchase money, if any, nor shall his title to the share be affected by any irregularity or invalidity in the proceedings in reference to the forfeiture, sale, re-allotment or disposal of the share.	Transferee not affected
49.	Upon any sale after forfeiture or for enforcing a lien in exercise of the powers hereinabove given, the Board may, if necessary, appoint some person to execute a transaction slip of the shares sold and cause the purchaser's name to	Validity of sales

	be entered in the register of members in respect of the shares sold and after his name has been entered in the register of members in respect of such shares the validity of the sale shall not be impeached by any person.	
50.	Upon any sale, re-allotment or other disposal under the provisions of the preceding Articles, the certificate(s), if any, originally issued in respect of the relative shares shall (unless the same shall on demand by the Company has been previously surrendered to it by the defaulting member) stand cancelled and become null and void and be of no effect, and the Board shall, subject to the provisions of the Act or any other securities law for the time being in force, be entitled to credit shares in dematerialised form in respect of the said shares to the person(s) entitled thereto.	Cancellation of share certificate in respect of forfeited shares
51.	The Board may, subject to the provisions of the Act, accept a surrender of any share from or by any member desirous of surrendering them on such terms as they think fit.	Surrender of share certificates
52.	The provisions of these Articles as to forfeiture shall apply in the case of non-payment of any sum which, by the terms of issue of a share, becomes payable at a fixed time, whether on account of the nominal value of the share or by way of premium, as if the same had been payable by virtue of a call duly made and notified.	Sums deemed to be calls
53.	The provisions of these Articles relating to forfeiture of shares shall <i>mutatis mutandis</i> apply to any other securities including debentures of the Company.	Provisions as to forfeiture of shares to apply <i>mutatis mutandis</i> to debentures, etc
	Alteration of capital	
54.	Subject to the provisions of the Act, the Company may, by	Power to alter share
	<ul><li>ordinary resolution -</li><li>a. increase the share capital by such sum, to be divided into shares of such amount as it thinks expedient;</li></ul>	capital
	b. consolidate and divide all or any of its share capital into shares of larger amount than its existing shares:  Provided that any consolidation and division which results in changes in the voting percentage of members shall require applicable approvals under the Act;	
	<ul> <li>c. convert all or any of its fully paid-up shares into stock, and reconvert that stock into fully paid-up shares of any denomination;</li> </ul>	

	d.	sub-divide its existing shares or any of them into shares of smaller amount than is fixed by the memorandum;	
	e.	cancel any shares which, at the date of the passing of the resolution, have not been taken or agreed to be taken by any person.	
55.	Who	ere shares are converted into stock:  the holders of stock may transfer the same or any stock part thereof in the same manner as, and subject to the same Articles under which, the shares from which the stock arose might before the conversion have been transferred, or as near thereto as circumstances admit:  Provided that the Board may, from time to time, fix the minimum amount of stock transferable, so, however, that such minimum shall not exceed the nominal	Shares may be converted into
		amount of the shares from which the stock arose;	
	b.	the holders of stock shall, according to the amount of Right of stock held by them, have the same rights, privileges stockholders and advantages as regards dividends, voting at meetings of the Company, and other matters, as if they held the shares from which the stock arose; but no such privilege or advantage (except participation in the dividends and profits of the Company and in the assets on winding up) shall be conferred by an amount of stock which would not, if existing in shares, have conferred that privilege or advantage;	
	c.	such of these Articles of the Company as are applicable to paid-up shares shall apply to stock and the words "share" and "shareholder"/ "member" shall include "stock" and "stock-holder" respectively	
56.	red pro	Company may, by resolution as prescribed by the Act, uce in any manner and in accordance with the visions of the Act and the Rules, —	Reduction of capital
	, ,	ts share capital; and/or	
	(b) a	any capital redemption reserve account; and/or	
	(c) a	any securities premium account; and/or	
	(d) a	any other reserve in the nature of share capital.	
		Joint Holders	
57.	(not (so join	ere two or more persons are registered as joint holders to more than three) of any share, they shall be deemed far as the Company is concerned) to hold the same as at tenants with benefits of survivorship, subject to the lowing and other provisions contained in these Articles	Joint-holders

	(a) The joint-holders of any share shall be liable severally as well as jointly for and in respect of all calls or instalments and other payments which ought to be made in respect of such share.	Liability of Joint- holders
	(b) On the death of any one or more of such joint-holders, the survivor or survivors shall be the only person or persons recognized by the Company as having any title to the share but the Directors may require such evidence of death as they may deem fit, and nothing herein contained shall be taken to release the estate of a deceased joint-holder from any liability on shares held by him jointly with any other person.	Death of one or (b) more joint-holder
	(c) Any one of such joint holders may give effectual receipts of any dividends, interests or other moneys payable in respect of such share.	Receipt of one sufficient
	(d) Only the person whose name stands first in the register of members as one of the joint-holders of any share shall be entitled to the delivery of certificate, if any, relating to such share or to receive notice (which term shall be deemed to include all relevant documents) and any notice served on or sent to such person shall be deemed service on all the joint-holders.	Delivery of (d) certificate and giving of notice to first named holder
	(e) (i) Any one of two or more joint-holders may vote at any meeting either personally or by attorney or by proxy in respect of such shares as if he were solely entitled thereto and if more than one of such joint holders be present at any meeting personally or by proxy or by attorney then that one of such persons so present whose name stands first or higher (as the case may be) on the register in respect of such shares shall alone be entitled to vote in respect thereof.	Vote of joint- holder
	(ii) Several executors or administrators of a deceased member in whose (deceased member) sole name any share stands, shall for the purpose of this clause be deemed joint-holders.	Executors or administrators as joint holders
	(f) The provisions of these Articles relating to joint holders as of shares shall <i>mutatis mutandis</i> apply to any other to shares securities including debentures of the Company registered in joint names.	Provisions as to joint holders to apply <i>mutatis mutandis</i> to debentures, etc.
	Capitalisation of profits	
58.	(1) The Company by ordinary resolution in general meeting may, upon the recommendation of the Board, resolve —	Capitalisation
	i that it is desirable to capitalise any part of the amount for the time being standing to the credit of any of the Company's reserve	

		accounts, or to the credit of the profit and loss account, or otherwise available for distribution; and	
		ii that such sum be accordingly set free for distribution in the manner specified in clause (2) below amongst the members who would have been entitled thereto, if distributed by way of dividend and in the same proportions.	Sum how applied
	(2)	The sum aforesaid shall not be paid in cash but shall be applied, subject to the provision contained in clause (3) below, either in or towards:  (A) paying up any amounts for the time being unpaid on any shares held by such members respectively;	
		(B) paying up in full, unissued shares or other securities of the Company to be allotted and distributed, credited as fully paid-up, to and amongst such members in the proportions aforesaid;	
		(C) partly in the way specified in sub-clause (A) and partly in that specified in sub-clause (B)	
		A securities premium account and a capital redemption reserve account or any other permissible reserve account may, for the purposes of this Article, be applied in the paying up of unissued shares to be issued to members of the Company as fully paid bonus shares;  The Board shall give effect to the resolution passed	
		by the Company in pursuance of this Article	
59.	( )	henever such a resolution as aforesaid shall have een the passed, the Board shall -  (a) make all appropriations and applications of the amounts resolved to be capitalised thereby, and all allotments and issues of fully paid shares or other securities, if any;	Powers of Board for capitalisation
		and (b) generally do all acts and things required to	
		(b) generally do all acts and things required to give effect thereto.	Board's power to
	(2) Th	ne Board shall have power—	issue fractional
	(a)	to make such provisions, by the issue of fractional certificates/coupons or by payment in cash or otherwise as it thinks fit, for the case of shares or other securities becoming distributable in fractions; and	certificate/coupon etc.
	(b)	to authorise any person to enter, on behalf of all the members entitled thereto, into an agreement with the Company providing for the allotment to them respectively, credited as fully paid-up, of any further shares or other securities to which they may be entitled upon such capitalisation, or as the case may require, for the payment by the Company	

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	on their behalf, by the application thereto of their respective proportions of profits resolved to be	
	capitalised, of the amount or any part of the	
	amounts remaining unpaid on their existing	
	shares.	
	(3) Any agreement made under such authority shall be	Agreement binding
	effective and binding on such members.	on members
	Buy-back of shares	
60.	Notwithstanding anything contained in these Articles but	Buy-back of shares
00.	subject to the provisions of sections 68 to 70 and any other	Buy buon or onarco
	applicable provision of the Act or any other law for the time	
	being in force, Company may purchase its own shares or	
	other specified securities.	
	General meetings	
61.	All general meetings other than Annual General Meeting	Extraordinary general
	shall be called Extraordinary General Meeting.	meeting
62.	The Board may, whenever it thinks fit, call an	Power of board to
	Extraordinary General Meeting.	call Extraordinary
		General Meeting
63.	If at any time Directors capable of acting who are sufficient	Authority to call
00.	in number to form a quorum are not within India, any	Extraordinary
	Director or any two members of the company may call an	General Meeting.
	extraordinary general meeting in the same manner, as	
	nearly as possible, as that in which such a meeting may be	
	called by the Board.	
	Proceedings at general meetings	
64.	(1) No business shall be transacted at any General Meeting	Presence of
	unless a quorum of members is present at the time	Quorum
	when	
	the meeting proceeds to business.	D
	(2) No business shall be discussed or transacted at any	Business confined
	general meeting except election of Chairperson whilst the chair is vacant.	to election of
	the chair is vacant.	Chairperson whilst chair vacant
	(3) The quorum for a general meeting shall be as provided	Quorum for
	in Section 103 of the Act.	general meeting
65.	The Chairperson of the Company shall preside as	Chairperson of the
	Chairperson at every general meeting of the Company.	meetings
66.	If there is no such Chairperson, or if he is not present	Directors to elect a
	within fifteen minutes after the time appointed for holding	Chairperson
	the meeting, or is unwilling to act as chairperson of the	

	meeting, the directors present shall elect one of their members to be Chairperson of the meeting	
67.	If at any meeting no director is willing to act as Chairperson or if no director is present within fifteen minutes after the time appointed for holding the meeting, the members present shall, by poll or electronically, choose one of their members to be Chairperson of the meeting.	Members to elect a Chairperson
68.	On any business at any general meeting, in case of an equality of votes, whether on a show of hands or electronically or on a poll, the Chairperson shall have a second or casting vote.	Casting vote of Chairperson at General Meeting
69.	(1) The Company shall cause minutes of the proceedings of every general meeting of any class of members or creditors and every resolution passed by postal ballot to be prepared and signed in such manner as may be prescribed by the Rule and kept by making within thirty days of the conclusion of every such meeting concerned or passing of resolution by postal ballot entries thereof in books kept for that purpose with their pages consecutively numbered.	Minutes of proceedings of meetings and resolutions passed by postal ballot
	<ul> <li>(2) There shall not be included in the minutes any matter which, in the opinion of the Chairperson of the meeting</li> <li>(a) is, or could reasonably be regarded, as defamatory of any person; or</li> <li>(b) is irrelevant or immaterial to the proceedings; or</li> <li>(c) is detrimental to the interests of the Company.</li> </ul>	Certain matters not to be included in Minutes
	(3) The Chairperson shall exercise an absolute discretion in regard to the inclusion or non-inclusion of any matter in the minutes on the grounds specified in the aforesaid clause.	Discretion of Chairperson in relation to Minutes
	(4) The minutes of the meeting kept in accordance with the provisions of the Act shall be evidence of the proceedings recorded therein.	Minutes to be evidence
70.	<ol> <li>(1) The books containing the minutes of the proceedings of a general meeting of the Company or a resolution passed by postal ballot shall:</li> <li>(a) be kept at the registered office of the Company; and</li> <li>(b) be open to inspection of any member without charge, during 11.00 a.m. to 1.00 p.m. on all working days other than Saturdays.</li> </ol>	Inspection of minute books of general meeting
	(2) Any member shall be entitled to be furnished, within the time prescribed by the Act, after he has made a request in of writing in that behalf to the Company and on payment such fees as may be fixed by the Board, with a copy of any minutes referred to in clause (1) above:	Members may obtain copy of minutes
	Provided that a member who has made a request for provision of a soft copy of the minutes of any previous general meeting held during the period immediately	

	preceding three financial years, shall be entitled to be furnished with the same free of cost	
71.	The Board, and also any person(s) authorised by it, may take any action before the commencement of any general g, or any meeting of a class of members in the meetings Company, which they may think fit to ensure the security of the meeting, the safety of people attending the meeting, and the future orderly conduct of the meeting. Any decision made in good faith under this Article shall be final, and rights to attend and participate in the meeting concerned shall be subject to such decision.	Powers to arrange security at meeting
	Adjournment of meeting	
72.	(1) The Chairperson may, <i>suo motu</i> , adjourn the meeting from time to time and from place to place.	Chairperson may adjourn the meeting
	(2) No business shall be transacted at any adjourned meeting other than the business left unfinished at the meeting from which the adjournment took place.	Business at adjourned meeting
	(3) When a meeting is adjourned for thirty days or more, notice of the adjourned meeting shall be given as in the case of an original meeting.	Notice of adjourned meeting
	(4) Save as aforesaid, and save as provided in the Act, it shall not be necessary to give any notice of an adjournment or of the business to be transacted at an adjourned meeting.	Notice of adjourned meeting not required
	Voting rights	
73.	Subject to any rights or restrictions for the time being attached to any class or classes of shares -  (a) on a show of hands, every member present in person shall have one vote; and  (b) on a poll, the voting rights of members shall be in proportion to his share in the paid-up equity share capital of the company.	Entitlement to vote on show of hands and on poll
74.	(1) A member may exercise his vote at a meeting or at meeting conducted through audio visual platform by electronic means in accordance with Section 108 of the Act and shall vote only once.	Voting through electronic means
75.	(2) In the case of joint holders, the vote of the senior who tenders a vote, whether in person or by proxy, shall be accepted to the exclusion of the votes of the other joint holders.	Vote of joint holders
	(3) For this purpose, seniority shall be determined by the order in which the names stand in the register of members.	Seniority of names
76.	A member of unsound mind, or in respect of whom an order has been made by any court having jurisdiction in lunacy, may vote, whether on a show of hands or on a poll, by his committee or other legal guardian, and any such committee or guardian may, on a poll, vote by proxy. If any member be a minor, the vote in respect of his share or	How members of unsound mind and minor may vote

	shows shall be by his grounding on our one of his	
	shares shall be by his guardian or any one of his guardians.	
77.	Subject to the provisions of the Act and other provisions of these Articles, any person entitled under the Transmission Clause to any shares may vote at any general meeting in respect thereof as if he was the registered holder of such shares, provided that at least 48 (forty eight) hours before the time of holding the meeting or adjourned meeting, as the case may be, at which he proposes to vote, he shall duly satisfy the Board of his right to such shares unless the Board shall have previously admitted his right to vote at such meeting in respect thereof.	Votes in respect of shares of deceased or insolvent members, etc.
78.	Any business other than that upon which a poll has been demanded may be proceeded with, pending the taking of the poll.	Business may proceed pending poll
79.	No member shall be entitled to vote at any general meeting unless all calls or other sums presently payable by him in respect of shares in the Company have been paid or in regard to which the Company has exercised any right of lien.	Restriction on voting rights
80.	A member is not prohibited from exercising his voting on the ground that he has not held his share or other interest in the Company for any specified period preceding the date on which the vote is taken, or on any other ground not being a ground set out in the preceding Article	Restriction on exercise of voting rights in other cases to be void
81.	Any member whose name is entered in the register of members of the Company shall enjoy the same rights and be subject to the same liabilities as all other members of the same class.	Equal rights of members
	Proxy	
82.	(1) Any member entitled to attend and vote at a general meeting may do so either personally or through his constituted attorney or through another person as a proxy on his behalf, for that meeting.	Member may vote in person or otherwise
	(2) The instrument appointing a proxy and the power-of-attorney or other authority, if any, under which it is signed or a notarised copy of that power or authority, shall be deposited at the registered office of the Company not less than 48 hours before the time for holding the meeting or adjourned meeting at which the person named in the instrument proposes to vote, and in default the instrument of proxy shall not be treated as valid.	Proxies when to be deposited
83.	An instrument appointing a proxy shall be in the form as prescribed in the Rules made under Section 105 of the Act.	Form of proxy
84.	A vote given in accordance with the terms of an instrument of proxy shall be valid, notwithstanding the previous death or insanity of the principal or the revocation of the proxy or the of the authority under which the proxy was	Proxy to be valid notwithstanding death of the principal

	executed, or transfer of the shares in respect of which the proxy is given:  Provided that no intimation in writing of such death, insanity, revocation or transfer shall have been received by the Company at its office before the commencement of the meeting or adjourned meeting at which the proxy is used.	
	Board of Directors	
85.	Unless otherwise determined by the Company in general meeting, the number of directors shall not be less than 3 (three) and shall not be more than 15 (fifteen).	Board of Directors
86.	(1) Subject to the provisions of the Act and LODR Dr Pramod M. Chaudhari shall be a director not liable to retire by rotation. The Board shall have the power to determine the directors whose period of office is or is not liable to determination by retirement of directors by rotation.	Directors not liable to retire by rotation
	(2) The same individual may, at the same time, be appointed as the Executive or non-Executive Chairperson of the Company as well as the Managing Director or Chief Executive Officer of the Company	Same individual may be Chairperson and Managing Director/Chief Executive Officer
87.	(1) The remuneration of the directors shall, in so far as it consists of a monthly payment, be deemed to accrue from day-to-day.	Remuneration of directors
	(2) The remuneration payable to the directors, including any managing or whole-time director or manager, if any, shall be determined in accordance with and subject to the provisions of the Act by an ordinary resolution passed by the Company in general meeting.	Remuneration to require members' consent
	<ul> <li>(3) In addition to the remuneration payable to them in pursuance of the Act, the directors may be paid all travelling, hotel and other expenses properly incurred by them—</li> <li>(a) in attending and returning from meetings of the Board of Directors or any committee thereof or general meetings of the Company; or</li> <li>(b) in connection with the business of the Company.</li> </ul>	Travelling and other expenses
88.	All cheques, promissory notes, drafts, <i>hundis</i> , bills of exchange and other negotiable instruments, and all receipts for monies paid to the Company, shall be signed, drawn, accepted, endorsed, or otherwise executed, as the case may be, by such person and in such manner as the Board shall from time to time by resolution determine.	Execution of negotiable instruments
89.	(1) Subject to the provisions of the Act, the Board shall have power at any time, and from time to time, to appoint a person as an Additional Director, provided the number of the directors and additional directors together shall not at any time exceed the maximum strength fixed for the Board by the Articles.	Appointment of additional directors

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	(2) Such person shall hold office only up to the date of the next annual general meeting of the Company but shall be eligible for appointment by the Company as a director at that meeting subject to the provisions of the Act.	Duration of office of additional director
90.	(1) The Board may appoint an alternate director to act for a director (hereinafter in this Article called "the Original Director") during his absence for a period of not less than three months from India. No person shall be appointed as an alternate director for an independent director unless he is qualified to be appointed as an independent director under the provisions of the Act.	Appointment of alternate director
	(2) An alternate director shall not hold office for a period longer than that permissible to the Original Director in whose place he has been appointed and shall vacate the office if and when the Original Director returns to India.	Duration of office of alternate director
	(3) If the term of office of the Original Director is determined before he returns to India the automatic reappointment of retiring directors in default of another appointment shall apply to the Original Director and not to the alternate director.	Re-appointment provisions applicable to Original Director
91.	(1) If the office of any director appointed by the Company in general meeting is vacated before his term of office expires in the normal course, the resulting casual vacancy may, be filled by the Board of Directors at a meeting of the Board.	Appointment of director to fill a casual vacancy
	(2) The director so appointed shall hold office only up to the date up to which the director in whose place he is appointed would have held office if it had not been vacated.	Duration of office of Director appointed to fill casual vacancy
	Powers of Board	
92.	The management of the business of the Company shall be vested in the Board and the Board may exercise all such powers, and do all such acts and things, as the Company is by the memorandum of association or otherwise authorized to exercise and do, and, not hereby or by the statute or otherwise directed or required to be exercised or done by the Company in general meeting but subject nevertheless to the provisions of the Act and other laws and of the memorandum of association and these Articles and to any regulations, not being inconsistent with the memorandum of association and these Articles or the Act, from time to time made by the Company in general meeting provided that no such regulation shall invalidate any prior act of the Board which would have been valid if such regulation had not been made.	General powers of the Company vested in Board
	Proceedings of the Board	ı
93.	(1) The Board of Directors may meet for the conduct of business, adjourn and otherwise regulate its meetings, as it thinks fit.	When meeting to be convened

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	(2) The Chairperson or any one Director with the previous	Who may summon
	consent of the Chairperson may, or the company	Board meeting
	secretary on the direction of the Chairperson shall, at	
	any time, summon a meeting of the Board.	
	(3) The quorum for a Board meeting shall be as provided	Quorum for Board
	in the Act.	meetings
	(4) The participation of directors in a meeting of the Board	Participation at
	may be either in person or through video conferencing	Board meetings
	or audio-visual means or teleconferencing, as may be	
	prescribed by the Rules or permitted under law.	
94.	(1) Save as otherwise expressly provided in the Act,	Questions at
	questions arising at any meeting of the Board shall be	Board meeting
	decided by a majority of votes.	how decided
	(2) In case of an equality of votes, the Chairperson of the	Casting vote of
	Board, if any, shall have a second or casting vote.	Chairperson of the
		Board
95.	The continuing directors may act notwithstanding any	Directors not to
	vacancy in the Board; but, if and so long as their number	act when number
	is reduced below the quorum fixed by the Act for a meeting	falls below
	of the Board, the continuing directors or director may act	minimum
	for the purpose of increasing the number of directors to	
	that fixed for the quorum, or of summoning a general	
	meeting of the Company, but for no other purpose.	
96.	(1) The Chairperson of the Company shall be the	Who to preside at
50.	Chairperson at meetings of the Board. In his absence,	meetings of the
	the Board may elect a Chairperson of its meetings and	Board
	determine the period for which he is to hold office.	Board
	(2) If no such Chairperson is elected, or if at any meeting	Directors to elect a
	the Chairperson is not present within fifteen minutes	
		Chairperson
	after the time appointed for holding the meeting, the	
	directors present may choose one of their number to	
07	be Chairperson of the meeting.	D.1. C
97.	(1) The Board may, subject to the provisions of the Act,	Delegation of powers
	delegate any of its powers to Committees consisting of	
	such member or members of its body as it thinks fit.	
	(2) Subject to the provisions of LODR any Committee so	Committee to conform
	formed shall, in the exercise of the powers so delegated,	to Board regulations
	conform to any regulations that may be imposed on it	_
	by the Board	
	(3) The participation of directors in a meeting of the	Participation at
	Committee may be either in person or through video	Committee meetings
	conferencing or audio-visual means or	Committee meetings
	teleconferencing, as may be prescribed by the Rules or	
	permitted under law.	
		01 1 2
98.	(1) A Committee may elect a Chairperson of its meetings	Chairperson of
	unless the Board, while constituting a Committee, has	Committee
	appointed a Chairperson of such Committee.	
	(2) If no such Chairperson is elected, or if at any meeting	Who to preside at
	the Chairperson is not present within fifteen minutes	meetings of
	after the time appointed for holding the meeting, the	Committee
	members present may choose one of their members to	
	be Chairperson of the meeting.	

99.	(1) A Committee may meet and adjourn as it thinks fit.	Committee to meet
	(2) Questions arising at any meeting of a Committee shall	Questions at
	be determined by a majority of votes of the members	Committee meeting
	present.	how decided
	(3) In case of an equality of votes, the Chairperson of the	Casting vote of
	Committee shall have a second or casting vote.	Chairperson at
	Committee shan have a second of easting vote.	Committee meeting
100	All cots done in core mosting of the Doord on of a	Acts of Board or
100.	All acts done in any meeting of the Board or of a	Committee valid
	Committee thereof or by any person acting as a director,	notwithstanding
	shall, notwithstanding that it may be afterwards	defect of
	discovered that there was some defect in the appointment	
	of any one or more of such directors or of any person	appointment
	acting as aforesaid, or that they or any of them were	
	disqualified or that his or their appointment had	
	terminated, be as valid as if every such director or such	
	person had been duly appointed and was qualified to be a	
	director.	
101.	Save as otherwise expressly provided in the Act, a	Passing of resolution by
	resolution in writing, signed, whether manually or by	circulation Board or of
	secure electronic mode, by a majority of the members of	a Committee
	the Board or of a Committee thereof, for the time being	
	entitled to receive notice of a meeting of the Board or	
	Committee, shall be valid and effective as if it had been	
	passed at a meeting of the Board or Committee, duly	
	convened and held.	
102.	Where a meeting of the Board or Committee could not be	Meeting of the Board or
	held for want of quorum, then the Chairman of the	Committee could not be
	meeting shall fix the day, the time and place of adjourned	held for want of
	meeting. The adjourned meeting shall be the continuation	quorum
	of the original meeting and therefore, no fresh notice of	
	the meeting is required to be given. However, the day, the	
	time and place of the adjourned meeting shall be	
	communicated to the directors or committee members by	
	email or by any other suitable mode whether physical or	
	electronic.	
Chie	ef Executive Officer, Manager, Company Secretary and Ch	nief Financial Officer
103.	Subject to the provisions of the Act:-	
	(a) Subject to the provisions of the Act and LODR, a chief	Chief Executive Officer
	executive officer, manager, company secretary and	
	chief financial officer may be appointed by the Board	etc.
	for such term, at such remuneration and upon such	
	conditions as it may think fit; and any chief executive	
	officer, manager, company secretary and chief	
	financial officer so appointed may be removed by	
	means of a resolution of the Board; the Board may	
	appoint one or more chief executive officers for its	
	multiple businesses.	
	(b) A director may be appointed as chief executive officer,	Director may be chief
	manager, company secretary or chief financial officer.	executive officer, etc.
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	(a)	T			
	(c)				
	Register				
104.	The Company shall keep and maintain at its registered office all statutory registers namely, register of charges, register of members, register of debenture holders, register of any other security holders, the register and index of beneficial owners and annual return, register of loans, guarantees, security and acquisitions, register of investments not held in its own name and register of contracts and arrangements for such duration as the Board may, unless otherwise prescribed, decide, and in such manner and containing such particulars as prescribed by the Act and the Rules. The registers and copies of annual return shall be open for inspection during 11.00 a.m. to 1.00 p.m. on all working days, other than Saturdays, at the registered office of the Company by the persons entitled thereto on payment, where required, of such fees as may be fixed by the Board but not exceeding the limits prescribed by the Rules.	Statutory registers			
105.	(a) The Company may exercise the powers conferred on it by the Act with regard to the keeping of a foreign register; if any, and the Board may, subject to the provisions of the Act, make and vary such regulations as it may think fit respecting the keeping of any such register.	Foreign register			
	(b) The foreign register shall be open for inspection and may be closed, and extracts may be taken therefrom, and copies thereof may be required, in the same manner, <i>mutatis mutandis</i> , as is applicable to the register of members.	Foreign register inspection			
	The Seal				
106.	(1) The Board shall provide for the safe custody of the seal.	The seal, its custody and use			
	(2) The seal of the Company shall not be affixed to any instrument except by the authority of a resolution of the Board or of a Committee of the Board authorised by it in that behalf, and except in the presence of at least Two Directors or the manager, if any, or of the secretary or such other person as the Board may appoint for the purpose; and such director or manager or the secretary or other person aforesaid shall sign every instrument to which the seal of the Company is so affixed in their presence.	Affixation of seal			
	(3) The Board may by resolution, destruct existing seal or re-introduce a seal.	destruction or reintroduction of a seal.			

Dividends and Reserve						
107.	The Company in general meeting may declare dividends, but no dividend shall exceed the amount recommended by the Board but the Company in general meeting may declare a lesser dividend.	Company in general meeting may declare dividends				
108.	Subject to the provisions of the Act, the Board may from time to time pay to the members such interim dividends of such amount on such class of shares and at such times as it may think fit.	Interim dividends				
109.	(1) The Board may, before recommending any dividend, set aside out of the profits of the Company such sums as it thinks fit as a reserve or reserves which shall, at the discretion of the Board, be applied for any purpose to which the profits of the Company may be properly applied, including provision for meeting contingencies or for equalising dividends; and pending such application, may, at the like discretion, either be employed in the business of the Company or be invested in such investments (other than shares of the Company) as the Board may, from time to time, think fit.	Dividends only to be paid out of profits				
	(2) The Board may also carry forward any profits which it may consider necessary not to divide, without setting them aside as a reserve.	Carry forward of profits				
110.	(1) Subject to the rights of persons, if any, entitled to shares with special rights as to dividends, all dividends shall be declared and paid according to the amounts paid or credited as paid on the shares in respect whereof the dividend is paid, but if and so long as nothing is paid upon any of the shares in the Company, dividends may be declared and paid according to the amounts of the shares.	Division of profits				
	(2) No amount paid or credited as paid on a share in advance of calls shall be treated for the purposes of this Article as paid on the share.	Payments in advance				
	(3) All dividends shall be apportioned and paid proportionately to the amounts paid or credited as paid on the shares during any portion or portions of the period in respect of which the dividend is paid; but if any share is issued on terms providing that it shall rank for dividend as from a particular date such share shall rank for dividend accordingly.	Dividends to be apportioned				
111.	(1) The Board may deduct from any dividend payable to any member all sums of money, if any, presently payable by him to the Company on account of calls or otherwise in relation to the shares of the Company.	No member to receive dividend whilst indebted to the Company and Company's right to				

		reimbursement				
		therefrom				
	(2) The Board may retain dividends payable upon shares in respect of which any person is, under the Transmission Clause hereinbefore contained, entitled to become a member, until such person shall become a member in respect of such shares.	Retention of dividends				
112.	(1) Any dividend, interest or other monies payable in cash in Dividend in respect of shares may be paid by electronic mode or by remitting cheque, demand draft or warrant sent through the post directed to the registered address of the holder	Dividend how remitted				
	(2) Payment in any way whatsoever shall be made at the risk of the person entitled to the money paid or to be paid. The Company will not be responsible for a payment which is lost or delayed. The Company will be deemed to having made a payment and received a good discharge for it if a payment using any of the foregoing permissible means is made.	Discharge to Company				
113.	Any one of two or more joint holders of a share may give one effective receipts for any dividends, bonuses, or other monies payable in respect of such share.	Receipt of holder sufficient				
114.	No dividend shall bear interest against the Company.	No interest on dividends				
115.	The waiver in whole or in part of any dividend on any share by any document (whether or not under seal) shall be effective only if such document is signed by the member (or the person entitled to the share in consequence of the death or bankruptcy of the holder) and delivered to the Company and if or to the extent that the same is accepted as such or acted upon by the Board.	Waiver of dividends				
	Accounts					
116.	(1) The books of account and books and papers of the Company, or any of them, shall be open to the inspection of directors in accordance with the applicable provisions of the Act and the Rules.	Inspection by Directors				
	(2) No member (not being a director) shall have any right of inspection any books of account or books and papers or by document of the Company except as conferred by law or authorised by the Board.	Restriction on inspecting members				
Winding up						
117.	Subject to the applicable provisions of the Act and the Rules made thereunder –  (a) If the Company shall be wound up, the liquidator may, with the sanction of a special resolution of the Company and any other sanction required by the Act, divide amongst the members, in specie or kind, the whole or any part of the assets of the Company,	Winding up of Company				

		whether they shall consist of property of the same kind or not.  For the purpose aforesaid, the liquidator may set such value as he deems fair upon any property to be divided as aforesaid and may determine how such division shall be carried out as between the members or different classes of members.  The liquidator may, with the like sanction, vest the whole or any part of such assets in trustees upon such trusts for the benefit of the contributories if he considers necessary, but so that no member shall be compelled to accept any shares or other securities whereon there is any liability.  Indemnity and Insurance	
		indemnity and insurance	
118.	(b)	Subject to the provisions of the Act, every director, managing director, whole-time director, manager, company secretary and other officer of the Company shall be indemnified by the Company out of the funds of the Company, to pay all costs, losses and expenses (including travelling expense) which such director, manager, company secretary and officer may incur or become liable for by reason of any contract entered into or act or deed done by him in his capacity as such director, manager, company secretary or officer or in any way in the discharge of his duties in such capacity including expenses.  Subject as aforesaid, every director, managing director, manager, company secretary or other officer of the Company shall be indemnified against any liability incurred by him in defending any proceedings, whether civil or criminal in which judgement is given in his favour or in which he is acquitted or discharged or in connection with any application under applicable provisions of the Act in which relief is given to him by the Court.	Directors and officers right to indemnity
	(c)	The Company may take and maintain any insurance as the Board may think fit on behalf of its present and/or former directors and key managerial personnel for indemnifying all or any of them against any liability for any acts in relation to the Company for which they may be liable but have acted honestly and reasonably.	Insurance
	1	General Power	<u> </u>
119.	shall I Compa Compa case th have s	ver in the Act, it has been provided that the Company have any right, privilege or authority or that the any could carry out any transaction only if the any is so authorized by its articles, then and in that his Article authorizes and empowers the Company to uch rights, privileges or authorities and to carry out transactions as have been permitted by the Act, at there being any specific Article in that behalf herein	General Power

